What is Claimed Is:

1. A method for measuring the crushing strength of an abrasive, the abrasive comprising particles, the method comprising:

determining an initial particle size distribution for the particles;

subjecting the abrasive to a crushing force;

- determining a post-crushing particle size distribution for the particles; and comparing the initial and post-crushing particle size distributions.
 - 2. The method of claim 1, comprising determining the initial and post-crushing particle size distributions using a particle size distribution analyzer.
 - 3. The method of claim 2, wherein the comparing step comprises comparing the cumulative percentiles of particles between 50% and 95% of the initial and post-crushing particle size distributions.
 - 4. The method of claim 1, wherein subjecting the abrasive to a crushing force comprises:

placing the abrasive into a cup;

placing a piston into the cup until a face of the piston touches the abrasive;

applying a force to the piston or the cup such that the force is transmitted to the abrasive; and

rotating the piston and the cup in opposite directions while the force is transmitted to the abrasive.

- 5. The method of claim 4, wherein the cup and the piston are rotated at a speed of about 200 RPM or less.
- 6. The method of claim 4, wherein the abrasive is for use in a lapping process, the method comprising subjecting the abrasive to a crushing force approximately equal to that of the lapping process.

5

- 7. The method of claim 3, wherein the comparing step comprises determining a crushing strength of the abrasive by calculating a ratio of cumulative percentiles of particles between 50% and 95% of the post-crushing particle size distribution to the cumulative percentiles of particles between 50% and 95% of the initial particle size distribution.
- 8. The method of claim 3, comprising determining a crushing strength index by dividing the cumulative percentiles of particles between 50% and 95% of the post-crushing particle size distribution by the cumulative percentiles of particles between 50% and 95% of the initial particle size distribution, and multiplying the result by 100.
- 9. The method of claim 6, wherein the abrasive comprises diamond particles having a size of about 40 microns or less, the method comprising rotating the cup and the piston at about 10 RPM, respectively;

wherein the force on the abrasive is about 13.4 lbs.

- 10. The method of claim 1, comprising taking initial and post-crushing micrographs of the abrasive, and comparing the micrographs to determine fracture characteristics of the abrasive.
- 11. The method of claim 10, comprising taking the micrographs using an SEM or FESEM.
- 12. An apparatus for measuring the crushing strength of an abrasive used in a lapping process, the abrasive comprising particles, the apparatus comprising:
 - a cup for holding the abrasive:
 - a first motor for rotating the cup in a first direction;
 - a piston having a face for rotatably fitting within the cup and contacting the abrasive;
- a second motor for rotating the piston in a second direction opposite the first direction; and

5

a press for pressing the piston against the abrasive and crushing the particles while the first and second motors are rotating.

- 13. The apparatus of claim 12, wherein the piston face and the cup each have a polycrystalline diamond compact (PCD) disc for contacting the abrasive and for preventing contact between the abrasive and the piston face and between the abrasive and the cup.
- 14. The apparatus of claim 12, wherein the press comprises a linear actuator for placing a load on the piston.
 - 15. The apparatus of claim 14, further comprising:

a base;

WO 2005/009680

- a spindle rotatably mounted to the base and operatively connected to the first motor, the cup being mounted to the spindle; and
- a platform mounted to the base for supporting the piston, the linear actuator and the second motor.
 - 16. The apparatus of claim 14, comprising a belt for connecting the spindle to the first motor.
 - 17. The apparatus of claim 12, wherein the first and second motors are for rotating the piston and the cup, respectively, at a speed of about 200 RPM or less.
 - 18. The apparatus of claim 12, wherein the press is for pressing the piston against the abrasive with a load of about 500 lbs or less.
- 19. The apparatus of claim 14, wherein the linear actuator comprises a pneumatic cylinder or a hydraulic cylinder.
 - 20. The apparatus of claim 14, wherein the linear actuator comprises a servo driven actuator.